AP[®] ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMPOSITION 2010 SCORING GUIDELINES

Question 1

The score should reflect a judgment of the essay's quality as a whole. Remember that students had only 15 minutes to read the sources and 40 minutes to write; the essay, therefore, is not a finished product and should not be judged by standards appropriate for an out-of-class assignment. Evaluate the essay as a draft, making certain to reward students for what they do well.

All essays, even those scored 8 or 9, may contain occasional lapses in analysis, prose style or mechanics. Such features should enter into the holistic evaluation of an essay's overall quality. In no case may an essay with many distracting errors in grammar and mechanics be scored higher than a 2.

9 Essays earning a score of 9 meet the criteria for a score of 8 and, in addition, are especially sophisticated in their argument, thorough in development or impressive in their control of language.

8 Effective

Essays earning a score of 8 **effectively** develop a position that evaluates the most important factors that schools should consider before deciding to use particular technologies in curriculum and instruction. They develop their position by effectively synthesizing* at least three of the sources. The evidence and explanations used are appropriate and convincing. Their prose demonstrates a consistent ability to control a wide range of the elements of effective writing but is not necessarily flawless.

7 Essays earning a score of 7 meet the criteria for a score of 6 but provide more complete explanation, more thorough development or a more mature prose style.

6 Adequate

Essays earning a score of 6 **adequately** develop a position that evaluates the most important factors that schools should consider before deciding to use particular technologies in curriculum and instruction. They develop their position by adequately synthesizing at least three of the sources. The evidence and explanations used are appropriate and sufficient. The language may contain lapses in diction or syntax, but generally the prose is clear.

5 Essays earning a score of 5 develop a position that evaluates the most important factors that schools should consider before deciding to use particular technologies in curriculum and instruction. They develop their position by synthesizing at least three sources, but how they use and explain sources is somewhat uneven, inconsistent or limited. The argument is generally clear, and the sources generally develop the student's position, but the links between the sources and the argument may be strained. The writing may contain lapses in diction or syntax, but it usually conveys the student's ideas adequately.

^{*} For the purposes of scoring, *synthesis* means referring to sources to develop a position that evaluates the most important factors that schools should consider before deciding to use particular technologies in curriculum and instruction and citing them accurately.

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Question 1 (continued)

4 Inadequate

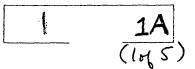
Essays earning a score of 4 **inadequately** develop a position that evaluates the most important factors that schools should consider before deciding to use particular technologies in curriculum and instruction. They develop their position by synthesizing at least two sources, but the evidence or explanations used may be inappropriate, insufficient or less convincing. The sources may dominate the student's attempts at development; the link between the argument and the sources may be weak; or the student may misunderstand, misrepresent or oversimplify the sources. The prose generally conveys the student's ideas but may be less consistent in controlling the elements of effective writing.

3 Essays earning a score of 3 meet the criteria for a score of 4 but demonstrate less success in developing a position that evaluates the most important factors that schools should consider before deciding to use particular technologies in curriculum and instruction. They are less perceptive in their understanding of the sources, or their explanation or examples may be particularly limited or simplistic. The essays may show less maturity in control of writing.

2 Little Success

Essays earning a score of 2 demonstrate **little success** in developing a position that evaluates the most important factors that schools should consider before deciding to use particular technologies in curriculum and instruction. They may merely allude to knowledge gained from reading the sources rather than citing the sources themselves. These essays may misread the sources, fail to develop a position that evaluates, or substitute a simpler task by merely summarizing or categorizing the sources or by merely responding to the prompt tangentially with unrelated, inaccurate or inappropriate explanation. The prose of these essays often demonstrates consistent weaknesses in writing, such as grammatical problems, a lack of development or organization, or a lack of control.

- **1** Essays earning a score of 1 meet the criteria for a score of 2 but are undeveloped, especially simplistic in their explanation, weak in their control of writing or do not allude to or cite even one source.
- **0** Indicates an on-topic response that receives no credit, such as one that merely repeats the prompt.
- Indicates a blank response or one that is completely off topic.



The this day and age - the century of rapid technological
growth immatched by any other generation - technology can
be viewed in a multitude of ways. Some claim that
technology was educational benefits, yet others perieve this
is simply a paradox and that technology creates more
problems than it climinishes (or at least attempts to).
Although technology allows children to connect the others
with less ease, its vogations still outweigh its positives.
in the domain of school: Refore adapting completely to this
new world of turbnology, schools must consider the
regative side of technology including its useless ability
to develop a large of skills due to the fast-pace of life
and the lark of imagination (and short attention Spans) that
it creates, before king completely brainwashed by the
nides presed availability of technology. in school curriculums
nides presed availability of technology, in school curriculums

took pegard the fult Schools must Ahat tratory (modern') although ferhalogy (Antiminimal is the £ a deficiency valuable life skills 3 nay Lerning formed die ignorance and unproductivite 40 the formed b. £ As a result technological advancements. technology grown less intelligent and children have actually David Gelernter, ¢ skill- Fr aur cultured. Alcordiv 40 children are overwhelmed information without luen the second 6.

Write in the box the number of the question you are answeight on this page as it is designated in the exam.

(2 of 5)

the informet." (Source E). The rise of technology has not improved adaction, intelligence, or schools in general Children who spend all of their time simply sitting around and playing vide ogenes (which is very up improductive, according to pyson in Source () develop a lack of skills lasing the ability to do things that Students hundreds of years ago (inithant technology!) could be perfectly well. Just because keids have the opportunity to utilize technology does not mean that it is keneficially (released picks at the irony in Clinton's argument that technology can give children unimited decisis to the world this would be information overland. Whildren of this generation are failing kubind ... due to the absent-mindedness created by technology. As a result, if schools rely merely on technological advancements in their curriculum, then they will fell bedrind due to the lack of skills (and focus) created by technology. Honestly at least textbooks develop reading skills and basic focusing abilities. Ultimately the rise of technology has instighted a lack of skills in students nation wide, a fact that Cetanly will not help students in school and their lives to beyond this.

1. (3 of 5) }

Fu addition, schools must ignore the new flood of
technology because never electronic devices have been known
to distract children immensely, causing a lack of imagination
and short attention spans, due, in part, to the laste of
nature. Fur Source C, Dr Eather Pyson bulieues that
the rise of fechnology in school curricultures is mot
reassarily a good thing but that it is a significant
"social problem". He argues that in the today's children
live in an "environment that often seems to stifle a
Child's imagination rather than Stimulate it " (Source ").
The "over-feeding" of information causes children
to easily loose focus and causes the diminishing of their
Attention spras, Technology Educes children any from
books and other non-technological devices causing them to
fell in the ADD-trop. The fast pace of life and
nide-availability of information has caused children to
step trying to seize focusing and to end their pe
the little bit of pattence that they had. On that same
note, Gelernter also theims that "the web is a propaganda
marchine for short attention spens! If Ichools were to
adopt to these new standards of learning they
would prevely contradict their purposes. Education is
About a verterming short attention spans and developing
self-discipline on the path of knowledge. Technology

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would simply shutter their curriculate motion. In addition the due to the increasing power of technology children are spending less time outside in mature. Source F, q cartoon depicting a child modelled infront of a TV matching ironicully - a nature program instead of playing outside, shows the compredictions and irony in the exponsion of sechnology. In schools, children Firstend of matchine Samething should try that same thing themselves. It is true that one only learns from experience, and fechnology simply hinders this. Education is about exploring the endless possibilities of the world bet with vides pried technology, this process never leaves the computer desk is the couch by the febrili. The rise of technology is not good for children and the sad part (as source F illustrates) is that they not comprehend what they are missing. If schools are really about the welfare and improving of children then they should dany the expansion of feelinology into schools to stop the Shrinking of attention spens, petience, and time specif with nature for the sake of their conflictung and overall success! Before being breinwushed by technological, the edecution system must consider the hindering capebilities

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Write in the box the number of the question you are answering on this page as it is designated in the exam.

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its eF destroying fechnology and their 251/11/15 uneperal in valueble determinution skills afferation spans, and productivity fa save the important curriculums of the schools もり lution bettering Students for the Li about future and gus flow of technology into the Common the beneficial. Not necesserily market place is Technology and be shiny Rasiar to eye but (^ the low may forenderions and the character ð 17 the nen 75 educational Susten

Write in the box the number of the question you are answering 1 on this page as it is designated in the exam. In the new age of information, Ipads have replaced books, emails. have taken the place of handwritten letters, and internet Forums have become the New socratic seminar. Leads In companies technological advancements have sent software, hardware, and other electronic companies centered around electronics into overdrive, pushing their new creations on the public. The primary beneficiaries? loday's youth who are ever absorbing of the new inventions to hasten and add ease to everyday life. School designed advantages of systems, the notion the potential USING technology in classes, have been to step away trom new. the past and are meteoring beginning to velcom the ways of systems the to which students are the information -enerectly a hacaested harnessed already accust omed. vsetul teaching be a tool correctly, this rechnology Will student discussions and teachers tacilitate to allowing and more relatable patter an in easier Manner. Pavene with eam rock Mace advanced Technoto Students are already familier with the new processing communication devices. Teachers, desiring systems and some students, nexd those merely accept relate ta the improvement of Theory's technology as day technology-integration, understands lim Wilson, an employee in age concept. (Source B). When teachers and thie students overarching to another, learning will occur. and ean relate Internet

Write in the box the number of the question you are answering on this page as it is designated in the exam.

1B

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n which to (2 of 3) Forvers, For discussion, blogs Rente make write, and computer based quizzes and tests are 01 ways that teachers can tesser the gap between students. RSome themselves and their argve that this technology promotes short attention spans and lack new arts (Source E) of appreciation the historical for giviting guidance, Without the Correct Prove trated \$915 statement may hold true to some star this Game For students, but if teachers recognize impressionable technology, like anything else, must that be monitored an in proper context, the danger used only disappears. lechnology can even be blended with traditional order to maximize efficiency. learning in Students could THE A be work of classic literature to read a asked Shakespeare and later asked such as to blog abou interpretations and reading experiences. their In the end, the students will learn about the vital _of Alterature in a context heart understand and relate tar to are Still, other critics of technology in schools ager technology state hinders, creativity and Maginar the abundance (Source C). Without any organization, ØŞ the Brothen could of avallable intormation be overwholming 计 stifle creativity, however children are theretore and

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expected to Munk and create their own thoughts and ideas, using technological sources only as the a suppler efficiency, Increase to which 01 Magina Me e sacrificed. Will Nat information age, comes H CON. e potential For teaching. ntw vseful and methods оĴ Yel in the order ottain benefi tron to most 5 SHIL Dossibilities, teachers nust 5e new Willing Γð of therefore act as guidance Flach and er SOUNCE organization for student Ð motivation Shauld and 5. H new technology as Na approach ĸ a fotheir students beti Vell as 21 relate as 9 P. learning, writing ease Non Improve te + noteraking quide their studen Heren To t continue 00 15 Dound new ta be an enormous help tec nology P 50 ensi б 5

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most definitely, shal age children teenagers and Can Convenient time without the acces to a remember almost Computers and unimaginable. technisloo seems a Dlia If nur society, its beneficial to all Is in soul torce in 15 druna H comes with a cost. WAY Ør shape howper

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the classroom seems like an innovative, around breaking in would also the same reasons it Sweel d man be however idea , have the technology, teachers Interact ability in provah 10 ammunicate like never before a society bo where has a pinned computer and home in Howrica household lven tederal Sandayd have access YW aui the わ "Pory" according 18 integrated into education ŝ noas a cell technology anvenience phone , or exotic to students (Source B moressive

intermetion you would to enno desire WI4 N paud The A sail ty has breeded Ø by thm. TAST ben The Carriculum -tech nology shols Into of mar in troduction spied up the process. londer and living en zume an. Were TU Sorrie withing avail So Shorter thinkina the opportunity stribela of <u>I</u> Neb the imaginations, propagance lS machine use Ċ a Source E Ьv Cramming Win . tor show ίn moassi N tanah bΛ the substance tale adquitte in and nguind ISP. TI) Amn. <u>SH</u> still. illustration Source gives PLY the. example a Fll.

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AP[®] ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMPOSITION 2010 SCORING COMMENTARY

Question 1

Overview

The synthesis question examined students' ability to develop their own position on a given topic, referring to and incorporating sources as they did so. The synthesis question, moreover, called for students to demonstrate the ability to summarize, paraphrase and quote properly from sources and to cite them accurately. The question asked students to consider six sources — five texts and one cartoon — about the "ubiquitous presence of information technologies" in their culture. The prompt directed students to write an essay, synthesizing at least three of the sources for support, in which they were to "evaluate the most important factors that a school should consider before using particular technologies in curriculum and instruction."

Sample: 1A Score: 8

This response effectively develops a position that evaluates the most important factors that a school should consider before deciding to use particular technologies in curriculum and instruction, arguing that "its negatives still outweigh its positives." Following a thorough introduction, the essay moves to the first factor to be considered: "although technology is the 'modern' way of learning, a deficiency of valuable life skills is formed due to the ignorance and unproductivity formed by technological advancements." The student thoroughly develops the position, beginning in the second paragraph by effectively explaining evidence from Source E, Gelernter's argument that "'... children are overwhelmed by information even without the internet," and Source C, Dyson's argument that children who frequently play video games "develop a lack of skills." The third paragraph builds on ideas from the second: "new electronic devices have been known to distract children immensely, causing a lack of imagination and short attention spans." Here the student again refers explicitly to evidence from Dyson and Gelernter and adds: "Source F, a cartoon depicting a child huddled in front of a TV watching — ironically — a nature program instead of playing outside, shows the contradictions and irony in the expansion of technology." The final paragraph offers perceptive commentary: "Technology may be shiny and easier to use, but in the long run, it destroys character and foundations of the educational system." With a clear argument, appropriate and convincing evidence and explanations, and clear control of language and organization, the student presents an effective synthesis of the sources used.

Sample: 1B Score: 6

This essay adequately develops a position that evaluates the most important factors that a school should consider before deciding to use particular technologies in curriculum and instruction. The student's intentions are clear but less precise or thoughtful than those found in higher-scoring essays: "If harnessed correctly, this technology will be a useful teaching tool, allowing teachers to facilitate student discussions and learning in an easier and more relatable manner." The factors addressed — that teachers need to relate to students, that technology "promotes short attention spans," that technology should be "blended with traditional learning in order to maximize efficiency," and that technology hinders creativity — all loosely connect to the sources used. The essay adequately synthesizes the sources without directly quoting from them, and the prose is generally clear.

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Question 1 (continued)

Sample: 1C Score: 3

This response presents the position that "[c]omputers and technology is [*sic*] a driving force in our society, its [*sic*] beneficial to all of us in some way or shape, however it comes with a cost." However, the essay demonstrates less success in evaluating the important factors that a school should consider in using computers and technology. Four sources are acknowledged, but the student displays less perception and understanding of the sources, and the limited connection between the sources and the essay's position results in less convincing explanations and examples. The essay also shows less maturity in control of writing, with errors in grammar, usage and diction: "Computers in the classroom seems like an innovative, groundbreaking idea, however for the same reasons it would succeed, may also be its blunder."